

### Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

### Listing of the Claims:

1. (Original) A laser for generating light pulses at a selected operating wavelength or range of wavelengths and a selected fundamental repetition frequency comprising:
  - (a) one or more optical resonators or a closed optical path where a light pulse can build up over multiple round trips; wherein the one or more resonators or the closed optical path comprises one or more gain mediums and wherein the round trip path length is selected to give the selected fundamental repetition frequency;
  - (b) one or more pump light sources;
  - (c) one or more optical couplers for coupling pump light from the pump light source into the one or more gain mediums to provide optical gain at the selected operating wavelength or range of wavelengths;
  - (d) one or more nonlinear optical or saturable absorber elements or devices optically coupled with the one or more optical resonators or the closed optical path and
  - (e) one or more optical couplers for coupling light pulses out of the laser wherein one or more of the saturable absorber elements or devices comprise carbon nanotubes.
2. (Currently amended) The laser of claim 1 further comprising a wavelength tuning element or device ~~device~~ optically coupled with the one or more optical resonators or the closed optical path.
3. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~claims 1 or 2~~ claim 1 wherein the one or more nonlinear optical or saturable absorber elements or devices comprising carbon nanotubes is positioned within one of the one or more optical resonators or within the closed optical path.

4. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~claims 2 or 3~~ claim 1 wherein the wavelength tuning element is positioned within one of the one or more optical resonators or within the closed optical path.

5. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~any of claims 1-4~~ claim 1 wherein at least one of the non-linear optical or saturable absorber elements or devices comprising carbon nanotubes is a mode locker.

6. (Original) The laser of claim 5 wherein the mode locker element or device is an optical pulse-initiating, self-starting element or device.

7-10. Cancelled

11. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~any of claims 1-6~~ claim 1 in a hybrid mode-locking configuration, which further comprises an active mode-locking device which cooperates with the saturable absorber to produce optical pulses.

12. Cancelled

13. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~any of claims 1-6~~ claim 1 which is passively Q-switched wherein the saturable absorber element or device is employed as a Q-spoiler.

14. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~any of claims 1-13~~ claim 1 capable of generating optical pulses of length about 1 picosecond or less.

15-16. Cancelled

17. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~any of claims 1-13~~ claim 1 capable of generating pulses having energy higher than about 35pJ per pulse or capable of generating pulses having a peak power higher than about 35 W.

18. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~any of claims 1-17~~claim 1 wherein the carbon nanotubes comprise single-walled carbon nanotubes (SWNT).
19. Cancelled
20. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~any of claims 1-19~~claim 1 wherein the carbon nanotubes are provided in a layer less than or equal to about 10 microns in thickness.
21. Cancelled
22. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~any of claims 1-21~~claim 1 wherein the carbon nanotubes are provided in a layer the thickness of which is varied to adjust the mode-locking and Q-switching threshold optical energy.
23. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~any of claims 1-22~~claim 1 wherein the carbon nanotubes comprise 50% or more by weight of semiconductor carbon nanotubes.
24. (Currently amended) The laser of ~~any of claims 1-23~~claim 1 wherein the diameters of the carbon nanotubes are selected to exhibit an exciton absorption in the operating wavelength range of the laser.
25. Cancelled
26. (Original) A laser-mode locking element or device comprising one or more layers containing carbon nanotubes.
27. Cancelled
28. (Currently amended) The element or device of claims claim 26 ~~or 27~~ wherein the carbon nanotubes are SWNTs.

29. (Currently amended) The element or device of ~~any of claims 26-28~~claim 26 wherein the diameter of the carbon nanotubes are selected absorb within a desired operating wavelength range.

30. (Currently amended) The element or device of ~~any of claims 26-28~~claim 26 wherein the carbon nanotubes are selected to have a range of different diameters to provide a wide operating bandwidth.

31. Cancelled

32. (Currently amended) The element or device of ~~any of claims 26-30~~claim 26 capable of operation in both reflection and transmission mode.

33. Cancelled

34. (Currently amended) The element or device of ~~any of claims 26-33~~claim 26 wherein the carbon nanotubes are provided in a layer the thickness of which is varied to adjust the mode-locking and/or Q-switching threshold optical energy.

35. (Currently amended) The element or device of ~~any of claims 26-34~~claim 26 wherein a layer of carbon nanotubes is provided on a substrate surface.

36. (Original) The element or device of claim 35 wherein the other face of the substrate is provided with an AR (anti-reflection) coating, a bandpass filter, or a half-mirror.

37. (Currently amended) A pulsed laser comprising the element or device of ~~any of claims 26-36~~claim 26.

38. (Original) A waveguide which comprises a layer, film or coating comprising carbon nanotubes through which light passes.

39. Cancelled

40. (Original) The waveguide of claim 38 which comprises an optical fiber or is an optical fiber.

41. (Original) A method for generating light pulses in a laser which comprises the step of providing mode locker which comprises carbon nanotubes and which is optically coupled to the resonator of the laser.

42-46. Cancelled

47. (Original) A method for generating optical pulses in a laser which comprises the step of Q-switching a laser of claim 1.